The Bible Jesus Used

A Gospel-Centered Glance at the Old Testament

Bethlehem Baptist Church, fall 2013–spring 2014 Jason S. DeRouchie

Job at a Glance

Act 1	Prologue	1–2
Act 2	Dialogue with Three Friends	3–31
	Interchange with Three Friends	(3–26)
	Job's Extended Response with Meditation on the Nature and Source of Wisdom	(27–28)
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Act 3	Elihu's Speeches	32–37
Act 4	Yahweh's Speeches	38:1–42:6
Act 5	Epilogue	42:7–17

Overview of the Drama

- * Act 1: Prologue (chs. 1–2)—A Cosmic Challenge
 - * Overview:
 - * Setting (1:1–5)
 - **♦ Scene 1** (1:6–22)
 - ✤ A Heavenly confrontation (1:6–13)
 - ✤ Test 1: Job's earthly suffering (1:14–22)
 - **♦ Scene 2** (2:1–13)
 - ✤ A Heavenly confrontation (2:1–6)
 - ✤ Test 2: Job's earthly suffering (2:7–10)
 - Transition: Three friends mourn with Job (2:11– 13)

- * Setting (1:1–5)
 - * Job's *piety* (v. 1)
 - * Job's progeny (v. 2)
 - * Job's possessions (v. 3)
 - Job's *pattern*: a patriarchal-priestly role (vv. 4– 5)

* Scene 1 (1:6–22):

A Heavenly Confrontation (1:6–13)

- Setting: The Satan ("adversary/accuser")
 before Sovereign Yahweh (v. 6)
- Q&A 1: The sphere of the Satan's accusatory power (v. 7)
 - Yahweh's query (v. 7a)
 - The Satan's answer (v. 7b)
- Q&A 2: The object of the Satan's next attack (vv. 8–12)
 - Yahweh's query (v. 8)
 - ✤ The Satan's response (vv. 9–11)
 - ✤ Yahweh guidelines (v. 12)

- Test 1: Job's earthly suffering—deep loss (1:14–22)
 - * The nature of Job's loss described (1:14–19)
 - The setting (v. 13)
 - Messenger 1: Foreigners from the south steal oxen and donkeys and slay servants (vv. 14–15)
 - Messenger 2: Fire from heaven consumes sheep and servants (v. 16)
 - Messenger 3: Foreigners from the north steal camels and slay servants (v. 17)
 - Messenger 4: Wind destroys house, killing all his sons and daughters

Job 9:13, 17–18. God will not turn back his anger; beneath him bowed the helpers of Rahab. . . . ¹⁷ He crushes me with a tempest and multiplies my wounds without cause; ¹⁸ he will not let me get my breath, but fills me with bitterness.

* Job's response detailed (1:20–22)

- ✤ Job's posture: grief and trust (v. 20)
- ✤ Job's pronouncement:
 - Job 1:21. Naked I came from my mother's womb, and naked shall I return. The LORD gave, and the LORD has taken away; blessed be the name of the LORD.
- ✤ Job's purity:
 - Job 1:22. In all this Job did not sin or charge God with wrong.

<u>2 Sam 24:1</u>. Again the anger of the LORD was kindled against Israel, and he incited David against them, saying, "Go, number Israel and Judah."

<u>**1 Chr 21:1</u>**. Then Satan stood against Israel and incited David to number Israel.</u>

<u>2 Cor 12:7–9</u>. So to keep me from becoming conceited because of the surpassing greatness of the revelations, a thorn was given me in the flesh, a messenger of Satan to harass me, to keep me from becoming conceited. 8 Three times I pleaded with the Lord about this, that is should leave me. 9 But he said to me, "My grace is sufficient for you, for my power is made perfect in weakness." Therefore I will boast all the more gladly of my weaknesses, so that the power of Christ may rest upon me.

The Lesson from Test 1

- Satan's query: "Does Job fear God for no reason?... Stretch out your hand and touch all that he has, and he will curse you to your face" (Job 1:9, 11).
- The truth: Yahweh's worth is greater than all possessions or family.

✤ Scene 2 (2:1–13):

* A Heavenly Confrontation (2:1–6)

- Setting: The Satan ("adversary/accuser") before Sovereign Yahweh (v. 1)
- Q&A 1: Restating the sphere of the Satan's accusatory power (v. 2)
- Q&A 2: The object of the Satan's renewed attack (vv. 3–6)
 - Yahweh's query and reassertion of Job's integrity and, ultimately, his own worth (v. 3)
 - ✤ The Satan's response (vv. 4–5)
 - Yahweh guidelines (v. 6)

- Test 2 Introduced: Job's earthly suffering deep physical, emotional, and theological pain (1:7–10)
 - The source and nature of Job's physical pain described (v. 7)
 - * The response detailed (vv. 8–10)
 - Job's *posture*: mourning and attempt to ease the physical pain (v. 8).
 - Job's wife's *plea*: to curse God and die (thus failing the test) (v. 9)
 - ✤ Job's pronouncement (v. 10):
 - Job 2:10. You speak as one of the foolish women would speak. Shall we receive good from God, and shall we not receive evil?

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 - Job's *posture*: mourning and attempt to ease the physical pain (v. 8).
 - Job's wife's *plea*: to curse God and die (thus failing the test) (v. 9)
 - ✤ Job's pronouncement (v. 10)
 - ✤ Job's *purity* (v. 10)
 - Job 1:10. In all this Job did not sin with his lips.

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Job 28:20–28. From where, then, does wisdom come? And where is the place of understanding? ²¹ It is hidden from the eyes of all living and concealed from the birds of the air.²² Abaddon and Death say, "We have heard a rumor of it with our ears.'"²³ God understands the way to it, and he knows its place. ²⁴ For he looks to the ends of the earth and sees everything under the heavens.²⁵ When he gave to the wind its weight and apportioned the waters by measure, ²⁶ when he made a decree for the rain and a way for the lightning of the thunder, ²⁷ then he saw it and declared it; he established it, and searched it out. ²⁸ And he said to man, "Behold, the fear of the Lord, that is wisdom, and to turn away from evil is understanding."

<u>Rom 11:33–36</u>. Oh, the depth of the riches and wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are his judgments and how inscrutable his ways! ³⁴ For who has known the mind of the Lord, or who has been his counselor? ³⁵ Or who has given a gift to him that he might be repaid? ³⁶ For from him and through him and to him are all things. To him be glory forever. Amen.

Why would good grant that suffering would hit his children?

- It must be for his own glory and for our good.
- * We know "God opposes the proud but gives grace to the humble" (1 Pet 5:5).
- When believers cry for help, God is magnified and we are satisfied.